

WARNINGS

- Poisonous if swallowed.
- Vapour or mist may irritate eyes and air passages.
- May irritate skin and eyes.
- **Flammable:** do not store near open flames.
- Harmful to fish and other aquatic organism.
- Keep unused **FARMAG EPTC S** in this container, tightly closed, locked up out of reach of children, uninformed persons, animals and away from food, feed, fertilizer and seeds.
- **Re-entry interval:** do not enter treated field within 1 day after application unless wearing protective clothing.
- **In case of poisoning call a doctor and show him/her this label.**

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal soil, climatic and storage conditions; quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the weed against the remedy concerned, as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment, or harm to man or animal or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS

- Do not inhale spray mist or vapours.
- Wear eye protection (face shield). If you get **FARMAG EPTC S** in your eyes, flush it out at once with running water for at least 15 minutes.
- Wear rubber gloves. If you get **FARMAG EPTC S** on your skin, wash it off at once.
- Wash contaminated clothing immediately. Wear clean clothes daily.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke while mixing, or applying or before washing hands and face.
- Avoid spray drift onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams and areas not under treatment.
- Clean application equipment thoroughly after use and dispose of wash water where it will not contaminate crops, grazing, rivers or dams.
- Rinse the container three times with a volume of water equal to a minimum of 10 % of the container. Add the rinsing to the contents of the spray tank.
- Destroy empty container by perforation and flattening. Do not use for any other purpose.
- Prevent contamination of food, feed, drinking water and eating utensils.

SYMPTOMS OF HUMAN POISONING

Irritation of skin, eyes and mucous membranes. If ingested in large quantities nausea, vomiting, abdominal distress and cholinesterase inhibition may occur.

FIRST AID TREATMENT

Inhalation: remove patient from exposure, keep warm and at rest. Obtain medical attention.

Skin contact: wash skin immediately with cold water, followed by soap and water.

Eye contact: immediately irrigate with eye wash solution or clean water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: product contains petroleum hydrocarbons. Do not induce vomiting. Give 30 g of activated charcoal in 100 ml water. Put patient in half upright position and give plenty of water. Get medical advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. This product contains EPTC, a thiocarbamate that inhibits cholinesterase. If symptoms of cholinesterase inhibition are present, atropine by injection is antidotal. Pralidoxime chloride (2PAM) is NOT recommended as an antidote for this compound. Thiocarbamates have been shown in laboratory animals to cause a disulfiram type reaction in combination with alcohol.

RESISTANCE WARNING

For resistance management, **FARMAG EPTC S** is a group code N herbicide. Any weed population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **FARMAG EPTC S** and other group code N herbicides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds may not be controlled by **FARMAG EPTC S** or any other group code N herbicide.



FARMAG EPTC S

Reg No/ Nr L7538 Act No/ Wet Nr 36/1947

A selective soil incorporated emulsifiable concentrate weedkiller for the control of annual grasses, nutsedges and certain broadleaf weeds in crops as indicated.

'n Selektiewe, groningewerkte, emul-geerbare konsentraat onkruidodder vir die beheer van eenjarige grasse, uintjies en sekere breëblaaronkruid in gewasse soos aangedui.

HRAC HERBCIDE GROUP CODE

N

HRAC ONKRUIDDODERGROEP CODE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT/AKTIEWE BESTANDEEL:

EPTC (thiocarbamate).....720 g/l.....EPTC (tiokarbamaat)
Safener.....60 g/l.....Beveiliging

Manufacture Date:

Vervaardigingsdatum:

Batch No.:

Lotnommer:

CONTENTS/ INHOUD

**SEE ENCLOSED LEAFLET FOR FULL PARTICULARS
SIEN INGESLOTE VOUBILJET VIR VOLLE BESONDERHEDE**

REGISTRATION HOLDER/REGISTRASIEHOUER:

Castle Ag-Chem (Pty) Ltd Co. Reg. No 2007/033120/07

22 Burnside Drive, Old Mill Industrial Park, Mount Edgecombe, South Africa, 4000

Tel: 031 538 8700

• **Emergency Number: Griffon Poison Information Centre**

UN No.: 3082



**HARMFUL
SKADELIK**



To delay weed resistance:

- Avoid exclusive repeated use of herbicides from the same herbicide group code. Alternate or tank-mix with products from different herbicide group codes.
- Integrate the control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into weed control programmes.

For specific information on resistance management contact the registration holder of this product.

USE RESTRICTIONS

FARMAG EPTC S should only be applied if soil conditions are suitable for fast germination. **Do not** apply on seed maize before consulting the seed firm concerned. **Do not** apply as an overall spray on kidney beans.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Use only as indicated.

FARMAG EPTC S must be incorporated into the soil immediately prior to planting, or applied as bands between rows during planting.

SOIL PREPARATION

The seed bed should be prepared to a fine tilth and should be free of crop residues and growing weeds.

BAND APPLICATION

Apply in the recommended band width using a carefully calibrated applicator. Immediate incorporation into and thorough mixing with the soil is essential.

OVERALL APPLICATION

For overall weed control apply **FARMAG EPTC S** as an overall spray using carefully calibrated equipment. When using a boom-sprayer the recommended quantity of **FARMAG EPTC S** is usually mixed with 200 – 400 ℓ of water in the spray tank. Mix the applied herbicide thoroughly into the top 100 – 150 mm of the well prepared seed bed immediately after spraying. This can best be achieved by running a tandem disc or rotating cultivator over the area of application, followed by an inverted spike harrow or other leveling device. Thorough mixing of the herbicide with the top soil layer is essential.

A. MAIZE, SWEETCORN, SWEET POTATOES AND LUCERNE:

SOIL TYPE	DOSAGE ℓ /ha	REMARKS
0–10 % clay 11–15 % clay 16–20 % clay 21–25 % clay 26–30 % clay	2.0 ℓ 2.5 ℓ 3.0 ℓ 3.5 ℓ 4.0 ℓ	Overall application: Planting should be done immediately or shortly after incorporation in order to obtain the maximum period of weed control. In the case of LUCERNE a delay of 5 days before planting is recommended. For prolonged control of broadleaf weeds in maize, two-thirds of the recommended dosage rate for atrazine in a tank mixture with FARMAG EPTC S is recommended. Band application: Apply FARMAG EPTC S 80–100 mm deep in a band of the required width on either side of the planted rows using a carefully calibrated sub-surface applicator. NB: Consult the atrazine SC label for details regarding warnings, precautions, restrictions and rates.

B. SUGARCANE:

SOIL TYPE	DOSAGE ℓ /ha	REMARKS
0–15 % clay 16–30 % clay >30 % clay	3,0 ℓ 5,0 ℓ 7,0 ℓ	Overall application for plant-cane: Apply the recommended rate of FARMAG EPTC S as an overall application and incorporate to a depth of 200 mm as described under maize recommendation. Planting should take place immediately after incorporation in order to obtain the maximum period of weed control. Hand planting is recommended. If furrows are drawn during the planting operation, ensure that these do not exceed a depth of 150 mm. This will prevent untreated soil from being brought to the surface. If excessive growth of broadleaf weeds is expected or is encountered consult your extension officer or sales representative for additional recommendations. A single application of a post emergence herbicide should give acceptable weed control.

C. POTATOES:

SOIL TYPE	DOSAGE ℓ /ha	REMARKS
0–15 % clay 16–30 % clay	3,5 ℓ 5,3 ℓ	<p>Overall application: Apply the recommended rate of FARMAG EPTC S and incorporate as described for maize. Draw furrows and plant as usual.</p> <p>Band application In the case of row application, place the fertilizer and seed in position and cover with a 50 mm layer of soil. Ensure that the furrows are not steeper than 45° and are able to retain the spray. Apply as a band over the row and close the furrow within minutes to incorporate the FARMAG EPTC S.</p>

D. DRY BEANS (*Phaseolus vulgaris*) and GREEN BEANS (Cultivar Cape):

SOIL TYPE	DOSAGE ℓ /ha	REMARKS
0–10 % clay 11–15 % clay 16–20 % clay 21–30 % clay	1,5 ℓ 2,0 ℓ 2,5 ℓ 3,0 ℓ	<p>Overall application: Apply and incorporate as for maize.</p> <p>Band application Apply only in the soil sub-surface as for maize. Initial growth may be retarded slightly, but plants will develop normally.</p> <p>NB. Excessively high rates of application may damage early GREEN BEAN cultivars e.g. Provider and Wintergreen.</p>

E. KIDNEY BEANS (*Phaseolus coccineus*):

SOIL TYPE	DOSAGE	REMARKS
0–10 % clay 11–15 % clay 16–20 % clay 21–30 % clay	<p>Dosage/10 000 m row length(450 mm band)</p> <p>620 ml 780 ml 780 ml 780 ml</p>	<p>IMPORTANT Only a band application is recommended for kidney beans. Under abnormal conditions stunting of kidney beans may occur.</p> <p>Band application Apply only with sub-surface streams as for maize but ensure that the two inner, sub-surface streams are 40 mm above the seed level.</p>

F. SUNFLOWERS:

SOIL TYPE	DOSAGE ℓ /ha	REMARKS
0–15 % clay 16–20 % clay 21–30 % clay	Not recommended 2,0 ℓ 3,0 ℓ	<p>Overall application NB. FARMAG EPTC S may only be used on Kortrus selections. Initially growth may be retarded but plants will have recovered well before harvest. To prevent initial retardation of growth sunflowers should be planted 7 days after application.</p>

LIST OF WEEDS CONTROLLED:

Nutsedges

<i>Cyperus esculentus</i>	Yellow nutsedge
<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>	Purple nutsedge

Grasses

<i>Brachiaria eruciformis</i>	Sweet signal grass	<i>Setaria verticillata</i>	Sticky bristle grass
<i>Chloris pycnothrix</i>	Spiderweb Chloris	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	Wild grain sorghum
<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	Crab finger-grass	<i>Sorghum verticilliflorum</i>	Johnson grass
<i>Eleusine indica</i>	Goose grass	<i>Tragus racemosus</i>	Large carrot-seed grass
<i>Panicum schinzii</i>	Sweet buffalo grass	<i>Urochloa panicoides</i>	Herringbone grass
<i>Setaria pallide-fusca</i>	Red bristle grass		

Control of the following broadleaf weeds may vary depending on climatic conditions. These weeds will be controlled only if the correct dosage rate has been used and conditions for control are good, i.e. well prepared and fine seedbed followed by favourable soil conditions which benefit seed germination.

<i>Amaranthus deflexus</i>	Perennial pigweed	<i>Chenopodium album</i>	White goosefoot
<i>Amaranthus hybridus</i>	Common pigweed	<i>Cleome monophylla</i>	Spindlepod
<i>Bidens pilosa</i>	Blackjack	<i>Datura stramonium</i>	Thorn apple



WAARSKUWINGS

- Giftig wanneer ingesluk word.
- Dampe of mis mag oë en lugweë irriteer.
- Mag vel en oë irriteer.
- **Vlambaar:** moenie naby oop vlamme stoor nie.
- Skadelik vir vise en ander waterorganismes.
- Hou ongebruikte **FARMAG EPTC S** in die houer, dig gesluit, toegesluit en buite bereik van kinders, oningeligte persone, diere en hou die produk weg van voedsel, weiding, kunsmis en saad.
- **Herbetreding interval:** moenie behandelde grond binne een dag na bespuiting betree nie, tensy beskermde klere gedra word.
- **In geval van vergiftiging moet 'n mediese dokter gekontak word en die etiket moet aan hom/haar getoon word.**

Alhoewel hierdie middel omvattend onder 'n groot verskeidenheid toestande getoets is, waarborg die registrasiehouer nie dat dit doeltreffend sal wees onder alle toestande nie aangesien die werking en effek daarvan beïnvloed kan word deur faktore soos abnormale klimaats- en bergingstoestande; kwaliteit van verdunningswater, verenigbaarheid met ander stowwe wat nie op die etiket aangedui is nie en die voorkoms van weerstand van die siekte teen die betrokke middel sowel as die metode, tyd en akkuraatheid van toediening. Verder aanvaar die registrasiehouer nie verantwoordelikheid vir skade aan gewasse, plantegroei, die omgewing of vir nadelige effek op mens of dier of vir gebrek aan prestasie van die betrokke middel as gevolg van die versuim van die gebruiker om etiket aanwysings te volg of as gevolg van die ontstaan van toestande wat nie voorsien kon word in die registrasie. Raadpleeg die verskaffer in die geval van enige onsekerheid.

VOORSORGMATREËLS

- Moenie spuitnewel of dampe inasem nie.
- Dra oogbeskerming (gesigmasker). Indien jy **FARMAG EPTC S** in jou oë kry, moet dit met lopende water vir omtrent 15 minute ten minste, uitgespoel word.
- Dra rubberhandskoene. Indien jy **FARMAG EPTC S** op jou vel kry, moet dit dadelik afgewas word.
- Was besoedelde klere onmiddellik. Dra elke dag skoon klere.
- Moenie eet, drink of rook terwyl die produk toegedien of gemeng word nie. Was eers jou hande en gesig na toediening.
- Vermyn spuitdryf op ander gewasse, weiding, riviere, damme of areas wat nie behandel word nie.
- Maak die toedieningsapparaat deeglik skoon voordat dit weer gebruik word en raak ontslae van die waswater waar dit nie die gewasse, weiding, rivier of damme sal besoedel nie.
- Spoel die houer drie keer met 'n volume water gelykstaande aan 'n minimum van 10% van die houer. Voeg die spoelwater by die inhoud van die spuittenk.
- Vernietig leë houer deur gate daarin te maak en dit plat te trap en moet dit vir geen ander doeleindes gebruik nie.
- Voorkom besoedeling van voedsel, weiding, drinkwater en eetgerei.

SIMPROME VAN MENSLIKE VERGIFTING

Irritasie van vel, oë en slymvlies. Indien groot hoeveelhede ingeneem word, mag naarheid, braking, buiknood en cholinesterase inhibisie voorkom.

NOODHULPBEHANDELING

Inaseming: verwyder die pasiënt weg van enige blootstelling, hou hom/haar warm en rustig. Verkry mediese hulp.

Velkontak: was vel onmiddellik met koue water, volg op met seep en water.

Oogkontak: was onmiddellik jou oë met oogwasoplossing of skoon water vir ten minste 15 minute. Verkry mediese hulp.

Indien ingesluk: produk bevat petroleum koolwaterstof. Moenie braking veroorsaak nie. Gee 30 g aktiewe houtskool in 100 ml water. Plaas pasiënt in 'n half regop posisie en gee baie water. Verkry mediese hulp.

NOTA AAN GENEESHEER

Moontlike slymvlies beskadiging mag die gebruik van maagspoeling teenwerk. Hierdie produk bevat EPTC, 'n tiokarbamaat wat cholinesterase inhibeer. Indien simptome van cholinesterase inhibisie teenwoordig is, kan atropine deur middel van 'n inspuiting as teenmiddel gebruik word. Pralidoxiem chloried (2PAM) word NIE aanbeveel as 'n teenmiddel vir die samestelling nie. Tiokarbamaat het getoon met laboratoriumdiere dat daar 'n disulfiram soort reaksie in kombinasie met alkohol kan wees.

WEERSTANDSWAARSKUWING

Vir weerstandsbestuur is, **FARMAG EPTC S** 'n groeppode N onkruidodder. Enige onkruidpopulasie mag individue bevat wat 'n natuurlike weerstand

bied teen **FARMAG EPTC S** en ander groepkode N onkruidodders. Die weerstandige individu kan uiteindelik die onkruidpopulasie domineer, indien die onkruidodders herhaaldelik gebruik word. Hierdie weerstandige onkruid mag dalk nie deur **FARMAG EPTC S** of enige ander groepkode N onkruidodder gekontroleer word nie.

Om onkruidweerstandigheid te vertraag:

- Vermy die eksklusiewe herhaaldelike gebruik van onkruidodders met dieselfde groepkode. Wissel af met, of gebruik tenkmengsels van produkte in verskillende onkruidodder groepkodes.
- Integreer die beheermaatreëls (chemiese, bewerkings, biologiese) in die onkruid kontroleprogramme.

Vir spesifieke inligting rakende weerstandsbestuur moet die registrasiehouer van die produk gekontak word.

GEBRUIKSBEPERKINGS

FARMAG EPTC S behoort slegs toegedien te word indien die grondtoestand geskik is vir vinnige ontkiëring. Moenie toedien op saadmilies voor daar met die saadmaatskappy betrokke geraadpleeg is nie. Moenie toedien as 'n algehele bespuiting op nierbone nie.

GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS: Gebruik slegs soos aangedui.

FARMAG EPTC S moet in die grond ingewerk word, onmiddellik voor aanplanting, of toegedien word as stroke tussen rye gedurende aanplanting.

VOORBEREIDING VAN GROND

Die saadbedding behoort voorberei te word tot 'n fyn bewerkte grond. Dit behoort sonder enige gewasresidue of groeiende onkruid te wees.

STROOKTOEDIENING

Dien toe in die aanbevole strookwydte deur gebruik te maak van 'n gekalibreerde toedieningsapparaat. Onmiddellike inwerking en meng met die grond is noodsaaklik.

ALGHELE TOEDIENING

Vir algehele onkruidkontrole moet **FARMAG EPTC S** as 'n algehele bespuiting toegedien word, deur gebruik te maak van goed gekalibreerde toerusting. Wanneer 'n spuitbalk gebruik word, moet die aanbevole hoeveelheid **FARMAG EPTC S** met 200–400 l water in die spuittenk gemeng word. Meng die toegediende onkruidodder deeglik met die boonste 100–150 mm van die goed voorbereide saadbedding, onmiddellik na bespuiting. Die beste resultate kan behaal word deur 'n bewegende tandem disk of roterende bewerker oor die area toe te dien, opgevolg deur 'n omkeer skerp eg of enige ander gelykmakende toestel. Deeglike meng van die onkruidodder met die boonste laag grond is noodsaaklik.

A. MIELIES, SUIKERMIELIES, PATATS EN LUSERN:

GRONDTIPE	DOSIS l /ha	OPMERKINGS
0–10 % klei	2.0 l	Algehele toediening Aanplanting behoort onmiddellik of kort na die inwerking gedoen te word om die maksimum tydperk van onkruidbeheer te verkry. In die geval van LUSERN word 'n wagperiode van 5 dae voor aanplanting aanbeveel. Vir langdurige kontrole van breëblaar onkruid in mielies, word aanbeveel dat twee-derdes van die aanbevole dosis van atrasien in 'n tenkmengsels met FARMAG EPTC S gemeng word. Strooktoediening Dien FARMAG EPTC S 80–100 mm diep in 'n strook met die vereiste wydte aan albei kante van die geplante rye deur gebruik te maak van 'n goed gekalibreerde toedieningsapparaat. NB. Raadpleeg die atrasienetiket vir volledige instruksies rakende waarskuwings, voorsorgmaatreëls en dosisse.
11–15 % klei	2.5 l	
16–20 % klei	3.0 l	
21–25 % klei	3.5 l	
26–30 % klei	4.0 l	

B. SUIKERRIET:

GRONDTIPE	DOSIS ℓ /ha	OPMERKINGS
0–15 % klei 16–30 % klei >30 % klei	3,0 ℓ 5,0 ℓ 7,0 ℓ	Algehele toediening vir plant suikerriet: Dien die aanbevole hoeveelheid FARMAG EPTC S as 'n algehele bespuiting toe en werk dit in tot 'n diepte van 200 mm soos beskryf onder mielie aanbevelings. Aanplanting behoort plaas te vind onmiddellik na inwerking om sodoen die maksimum periode van onkruidbeheer te verkry. Handbeplanting word aanbeveel. Indien vore tydens die plantproses getrek word, maak seker dat die voordepote nie 150mm oorskry nie. Dit sal verhoed dat onbehandelde grond na die oppervlak gebring word. Indien daar uitermate groei van breëblaar onkruid verweg of teëgekrom word, moet jou plaaslike suikervoorligtingsbeampte of verkoopsvertegenwoordiger geraadpleeg word vir 'n bykomende aanbevelings. 'n Enkel toediening van 'n na-opkoms onkruidodder behoort voldoende onkruidbeheer te verskaf.

C. AARTAPPELS:

GRONDTIPE	DOSIS ℓ /ha	OPMERKINGS
0–15 % klei 16–30 % klei	3,5 ℓ 5,3 ℓ	Algehele toediening: Dien die aanbevole hoeveelheid FARMAG EPTC S toe en werk dit in soos voorgeskryf vir mielies. Trek hierna vore en plant normaalweg. Strooktoediening In geval van strookbehandeling, moet die kunsmis en saad in posisie geplaas word en met 'n 50 mm grondlaag bedek word. Verseker dat die vore nie steiler as 45° is nie en geskik is om die bespuiting te behou. Dien toe as 'n strookbehandeling oor die ry en maak die plantvoor binne enkele minute toe om die FARMAG EPTC S te bedek.

D. DROËBONE (*Phaseolus vulgaris*) en GROENBONE (*Cultivar Cape*)

GRONDTIPE	DOSIS ℓ /ha	OPMERKINGS
0–10 % klei 11–15 % klei 16–20 % klei 21–30 % klei	1,5 ℓ 2,0 ℓ 2,5 ℓ 3,0 ℓ	Algehele toediening Dien toe en werk in soos vir mielies. Strookbehandeling Dien slegs in oppervlak toe vir mielies. Aanvanklike groei mag vertraag word, maar plante sal normal ontwikkel. NB. Uitsonderlike hoë dosisse van toediening mag vroeë GROENBOONKULTIVARS soos byvoorbeeld Provider en Wintergreen beskuldig.

E. NIERBONE (*Phaseolus coccineus*)

GRONDTIPE	DOSIS	OPMERKINGS
0–10 % klei 11–15 % klei 16–20 % klei 21–30 % klei	Dosis per/10 000 m rylengte (450 mm strook) 620 mℓ 780 mℓ 780 mℓ 780 mℓ	LET WEL: Slegs 'n strookbehandeling word vir nierbone aanbeveel. Onder abnormale omstandighede mag verdwering van nierbone voorkom. Strooktoediening Dien slegs toe met inspuittende soos mielies, maar sorg dat die binnetande 40 mm bo die saadvlak is.

F. SONNEBLOMME

GRONDTIPE	DOSIS ℓ /ha	OPMERKINGS
0–15 % klei 16–20 % klei 21–30 % klei	Nie aanbeveel 2,0 ℓ 3,0 ℓ	Algehele toediening LET WEL: FARMAG EPTC S mag slegs gebruik word op Kortrus versamelings. Aanvanklike groei mag vertraag word, maar plante sal herstel voor oes. Om aanvanklike vertraging van groei te voorkom, behoort sonneblomme 7 dae na toediening geplant te word.

LYS VAN ONKRUIDE WAT BEHEER WORD:

Uintjies

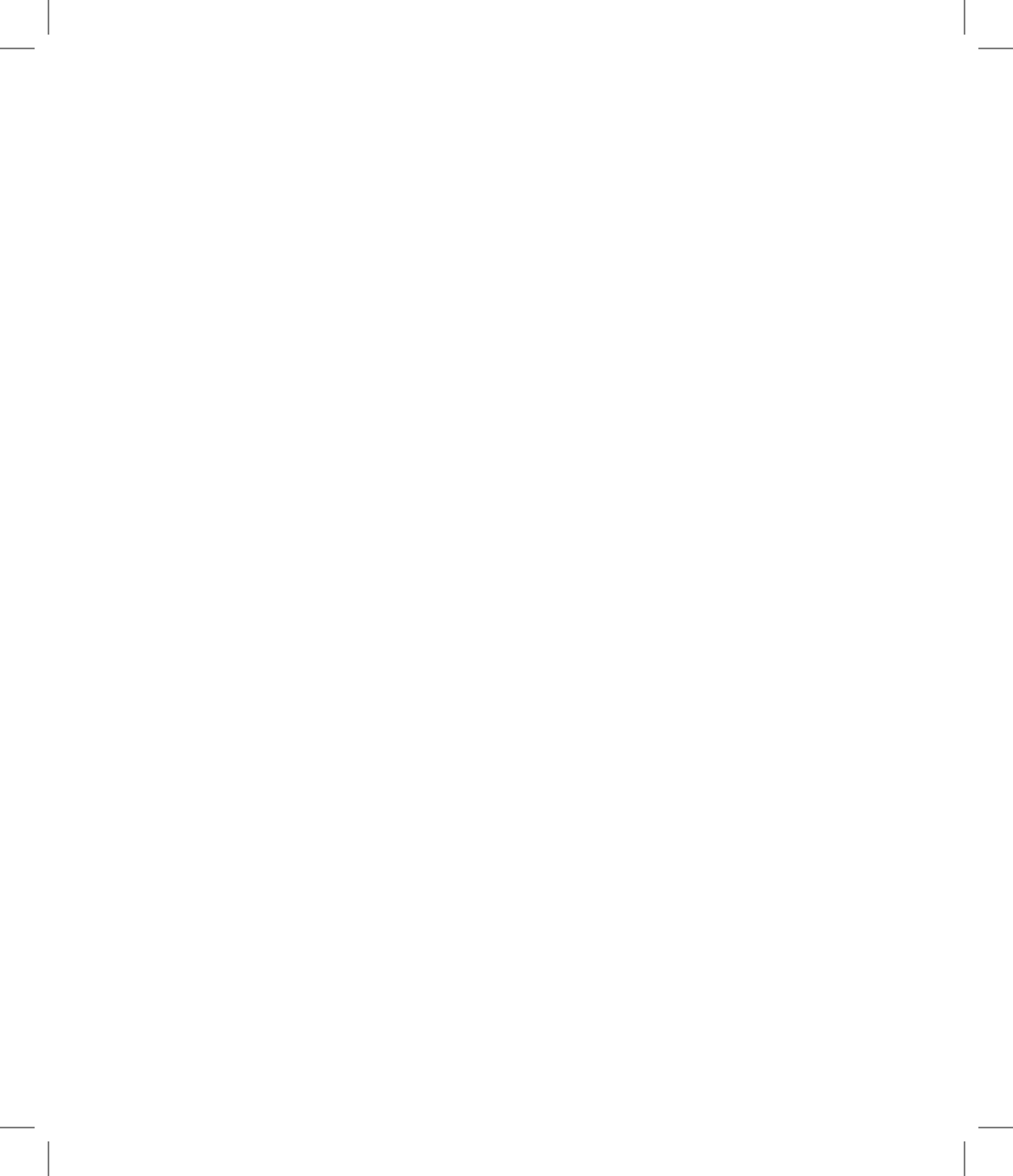
<i>Cyperus esculentus</i>	Geeluintjie
<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>	Rooiuintjie

Grassoorte

<i>Brachiaria eruciformis</i>	Litjiesinjalgras	<i>Setaria verticillata</i>	Klitsborselgras
<i>Chloris pycnothrix</i>	Spinnerak Chloris	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	Wilde graansorghum
<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	Kruisvingergras	<i>Sorghum verticilliflorum</i>	Gewone wildesorghum
<i>Eleusine indica</i>	Jongosgras	<i>Tragus racemosus</i>	Grootwortelsaadgras
<i>Panicum schinzii</i>	Soet buffelsgras	<i>Urochloa panicoides</i>	Beesgras
<i>Setaria pallide-fusca</i>	Rooi borselgras		

Beheer van die volgende breëblaaronkruid sal wissel afhange van weerstoestande. Hierdie onkruid sal slegs beheer word indien die regte hoeveelheid gebruik word en indien toestande gunstig is, d.w.s. goed voorbereide en fyn saadbed gevolg deur gunstige grondtoestande wat saadontkieming sal bevoordeel.

<i>Amaranthus deflexus</i>	Meerjarige misbredie	<i>Chenopodium album</i>	Withondebossie
<i>Amaranthus hybridus</i>	Kaapse misbredie	<i>Cleome monophylla</i>	Rusperbossie
<i>Bidens pilosa</i>	Knapsekêrel	<i>Datura stramonium</i>	Stinkblaar





FARMAG EPTC S

Reg No/ Nr L7538 Act No/ Wet Nr 36/1947

A selective soil incorporated emulsifiable concentrate weedkiller for the control of annual grasses, nutsedges and certain broadleaf weeds in crops as indicated.

'n Selektiewe, groningewerkte, emul-geerbare konsentraat onkruidodder vir die beheer van eenjarige grasse, uintjies en sekere breëblaaronkruid in gewasse soos aangedui.

HRAC HERBICIDE GROUP CODE

N

HRAC ONKRUIDDODER GROEP CODE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT/AKTIEWE BESTANDEEL:

EPTC (thiocarbamate).....720 g/l.....EPTC (tiokarbamaat)
Safener.....60 g/l.....Beveiliging

Manufacture Date:

Vervaardigingsdatum:

Batch No.:

Lotnommer:

CONTENTS/ INHOUD

**SEE ENCLOSED LEAFLET FOR FULL PARTICULARS
SIEN INGESLOTE VOUBILJET VIR VOLLE BESONDERHEDE**

REGISTRATION HOLDER/REGISTRASIEHOUER:

Castle Ag-Chem (Pty) Ltd Co. Reg. No 2007/033120/07

22 Burnside Drive, Old Mill Industrial Park, Mount Edgecombe, South Africa, 4000

Tel: 031 538 8700

• **Emergency Number: Griffon Poison Information Centre**

UN No.: 3082



**HARMFUL
SKADELIK**

